UNNECESSARY CHEST TUBE FOR A HEMODIALYTIC PATIENT WITH MULTIPLE TRAUMA: A CASE REPORT

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Abstract

Pneumothorax (PTX) is a life-threatening condition that overdiagnosis could result in increases in mortality and morbidity of patients. A-71-year old man was admitted due to multiple trauma. In the examination, there were some abrasions all over his body including his thorax. There were no decreases in respiratory sounds in auscultation but he had little right hemithorax rib tenderness. In his CXR, there was a suspected pleural visceral line. Due to the inconsistency in physical exam and radiologic findings we decided to take a chest CT-scan before the insertion of the chest tube that indicated no PTX for him and the suspected visceral line was skin fold of a permacath for hemodialysis. Several conditions could mimic findings of PTX in CXR that every physician should know and pay attention to them besides special attention to the history taking and physical examination to reduce the morbidity of patients.

Keywords: Pseudo-pneumothorax, emergency medicine, chest tube, Medical Overuse, Case report, Chest X-Ray

Introduction

Pneumothorax (PTX) is a life-threatening condition that needs its cure from observation to chest tube insertion and surgery [1]. Not only insertion of a chest tube is a painful procedure but also it has complications that occur in about 30% of cases throw its insertion, application, and removal some of them could be life-threatening like vascular injuries, infections, etc. these make physicians do this when it is really necessary [2]. There are different way to confirm clinical findings of PTX that includes chest X-ray (CXR), computed tomography [3], and lung ultrasonography and although their sensitivity varies widely, their specificity had been reported to be high in the detection of PTX [4]. Besides these auxiliary tools history taking and physical examination still are fundamental to medicine, ignoring them could result in mismanagement of patients causing iatrogenic damages and an increase in healthcare costs [5]. Herein we have presented a case of multiple trauma patient whose clinical finding was not consistent with radiologic findings in the detection of PTX.

Case Report

A-71-year old man with a history of End-stage renal disease (ESRD), hypertension, and diabetes was brought to the emergency department by EMS service and admitted because of multiple trauma due to falling. In admission, he was agitated and scared in appearance. He had an open airway and could speak without difficulty and while he did not have respiratory distress, he was tachypneic without any crepitation in his chest wall and sucking lesion there or decreases in respiratory sounds in auscultation, but he had little chest wall tenderness. He had stable vital signs with the blood pressure of 130/70 mm Hg, pulse rate of 64/min, respiratory rate of 28/min, and pulse oximetry showed oxygen saturation of 95% in room air. His pupils were reactive to light and in normal size and Glasgow coma scale of 15/15. In exploring the patient he had two lacerations on his scalp with the venous bleeding source that was packed by EMS staff. The larger one was about 15 cm in length with a galea transection located in the oblique line from his temporal region to frontal region, some abrasions on his upper and lower limbs, and chest wall. He did not have vertebral bodies tenderness. He had a soft abdomen without any tenderness and stable pelvic and force of all the limbs were 5/5 and the glucometer showed blood sugar of 109.

In the Focused Assessment with Sonography for Trauma (FAST), there were not any signs of solid organ damage and accumulation of free fluid in Morrison's pouches peri-vesical and pericardial space, but the plural sliding movement was not studied in the initial assessment. Radiologic studies including CXR, brain CT-scan, pelvic x-ray, and laboratory markers had been ordered. When reading his CXR (fig. 1) we found findings of PTX in his right hemithorax that mandate further evaluations for auscultation and chest wall examination again which had not any more findings than before. Extended FAST (E-FAST) was done and this time the plural sliding movement had not been seen by the operator. In consultation with surgeons in the emergency department about the inconsistency of physical examination findings and radiologic studies we decided to take a chest CT-scan of him while the surgery team was preparing for chest tube insertion, chest CT-scan was done as he was stable in vital signs. Interestingly there were no signs of PTX in the chest CT-scan and there were just some subpleural fibrotic bands in his right hemithorax (fig. 2). Examine the patient's chest wall for the 3rd time, skin fold of a permacath for hemodialysis in his right hemithorax attracted our attention; He had a history of permacath insertion in his right internal jugular vein 5 years ago and the skin fold in his chest wall was due to this catheter. While we started further evaluation for his falling, he was discharged home against medical advice.

Discussion

Overdiagnosis of PTX occurs when findings of CXR like distinct radiopaque curvilinear line (Mach band effect) mimics the visceral pleural edge that could be differentiated by paying attention to lung marking signs in the periphery of the line, although this point could not help physicians in situations like unstandardized CXR [6, 12-14]. Some situations like skin fold, patient clothing, past surgeries, pleural cyst, etc. could lead to misdiagnosis of PTX by mimicking an outlined lucent line [7, 15-17] these conditions besides fatigue and challenges in the emergency department could result in unnecessary procedures and serious effects on mortality and morbidity of patients and health service [8, 18-20].

E-FAST is wildly utilized in examination of traumatic patients for detection of solid organ damage, free fluid, free air, lung contusion and even for monitoring the patients' volume status [9, 21-23]. Using lung ultrasonography (LU) in the emergency department could also help not to face the same condition or make mistakes as in some studies the LU findings were as accurate as CT-scan in the detection of PTX [10, 24-26], but this procedure is operator-dependent and could be affected by many factors like use of the inadequate probe, not paying attention to patient's history and physical exam, failure of perception, etc. [11, 27-29]. Physitions should also pay attention to traumatic diaphragmatic injuries and perform diaphragmatic ultrasounoghraph in cases of post-traumatic hypoxia as routine E-FAST could not detect this problem [12, 30-32].

Finally, this report showed that although we have several advances in medical facility tools and procedures, still physical examination and history taking is remained fundamental of patient management and should be paid attention more in real practice and educating physicians while relying just on para clinical findings could be

misleading and increase the mortality and morbidity of patients [33-35]. We also encourage physician to utilize serial E-FAST in their assessment in order to increase sensitivities of their diagnosis [13, 36-38].

Authors' contributions

VR: Literature search, data collection, writing the manuscript; HE: Literature search, review of the manuscript, and final decision to submit for publication.

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Competing Interest

Authors declare no conflict of interest.

Ethics approval and consent to participate

This study was reviewed by the ethics committee of Shahrekord University of Medical Sciences and was approved with the code of IR.SKUMS.REC.1400.215.

Abbreviations

FAST: Focused Assessment with Sonography for Trauma; E-FAST: Extended FAST; CXR: Chest X-ray; CT-scan: Computed tomography scan; EMS: Emergency Medical Services.

Consent to Publish

A consent to publish was obtained from the patient himself.

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Figure 1: A: Chest X-ray of the patient with a suspected visceral line of pleura labeled with red marks. B: right hemithorax of the patient with magnification.

A B





Figure 2: A: Chest CT-scan of the patient with no evidence of PTX. B: right hemithorax with skin fold (red mark).

